



Name: Biswa Bhunia

Subject: en.s.

Time: -----

Maximum Marks: -----

		TO BE FILLED BY EVALUATOR
Question No:	Marks allotted	Comments
Q: 1	<u>20</u>	
Q: 2	<u>4</u>	
Q: 3	<u>4</u>	
Q: 4	<u>4</u>	
Q: 5	<u>4</u>	
Q: 6	<u>2</u>	
Q: 7	<u>1</u>	Need to write specific to question
Q: 8		
Q: 9		<u>ive</u>
Q: 10		
Q: 11		→ Attempted All Questions
Q: 12		
Q: 13		→ Enough knowledge on Topics
Q: 14		→ Good writing & presentation
Q: 15		→ overall good
Q: 16		
Q: 17		
Q: 18		
Q: 19		
Q: 20		→ good writing speed

Total Marks (Obtained):

Feedback/Comment/Suggestion:

41/100

good & one

ive

- Need to write specific demand of the questions
- put short INTRO in case of TERM SPECIFIC question
- In case you want to present much facts in your answer, you can put in a diagram

1 (a) Original Jurisdiction of Supreme court is governed by article 131 on the below matters

- (i) Article 32 writ Jurisdiction.
- (ii) Dispute between 2 or more States
- (iii) Dispute between Indian Govt. on one side and 2 or more States on other side
- (iv) Indian Govt + one state VS 2 or more states on other side
- (v) transfer of cases from one court to other court.
- (vi) When substantial question of law pending case SC can give it to high court or take up itself.

(b) State funding of election define state funding

- (i) Reduction of corruption
- (ii) Transparency
- (iii) equal weightage to parties write the specific point not general point like
- (iv) excess money spent for marketing political parties Sources would be disclosed
- (v) only election based on Result Ideology not money or muscle power wiping out of Black money
- (vi) promoting money capitalism
- (vii) corruption among civil servants.

(c) Challenges of Electoral Bond scheme

the ~~Bearer~~ can only encash it.

~~Hence~~ who has purchased the Bond is not known → opposed to RTI concept

SBP issues ~~electoral~~ Bond → PSU Bank
→ Govt can always see the upstap people
who purchased the Bond

Against the transparent democracy

~~Political~~ parties get immunity as beyond court jurisdiction.

Theft/miss etc.

(d) Role of Speaker in Legislative Assembly

↳ to determine if money Bill or Not

↳ determine Defection case and disqualify members but subjected to Judicial Review.

↳ presides over Joint Sitting

↳ same status of a supreme court Judge in the hierarchy

↳ the speaker continues till new speaker elected

↳ Decorum of the house

→ final interpreter of constitution
Inside house

Can't be questioned by count on working of House

1(e) Infrastructure sector → 2nd Highest employment after Agriculture

GVA → gross value added has a big contribution for state

Rice mills, fertilizer factory, construction Infra, Storage Infra for Agriculture is critical for Dist. Agri.

energy Infra for Both Hydro power (Itan Khol, Rengali) and for fossil fuel power (Coal Based plants in Talcher)

Port Infrastructure and Railway for Transport of Iron, chromite, Coal etc.

1(f) After Innovation mission

promote a culture of Innovation and entrepreneurship across the length and breadth of the country

Lead by Chintan Vaishnav - Mission Director of AIM

After Tinkering LABS working under the mission

A flagship program under NITI Aayog

↳ Dynamic systems and MIS systems are used to implement in MSMEs and govt/pvt Universities.

1(cg) minimum support price

definition?

→ Use for crop diversification

→ Is the rate at which govt buys food crops from farmers and is at least 1.5 times of cost of production to farmers.

→ Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices (CACP) recommends MSPs for 22 mandated crops and Fair and Remunerative for sugar cane.

22
↓
2 Commercial Crops

M. Kharif & Rabi

→ Decided before the sowing

→ Unpaid family Labour (AL is also taken into consideration)

→ However it's not free from middlemen.

1(b)

↳ to reduce financial Burden on Government

↳ to increase efficiency of Non performing PSUs

↳ encouraging open share of ownership

↳ Improving public finance and

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spending the same money in other capital expenditures.

② President of India is governed by article 52 → 78 and is a constitutional post.

(i) All treaties are signed in his name
(ii) He is the integral part of the parliament
(iii) He has exclusive pardoning powers as per article 72.

(iv) He can invite anyone in case of No party majority to form government.

(v) His assent is required for ordinary Bill to become law.

(vi) summons and prorogues the sessions

(vii) calls for sitting in case of a dispute over a bill

(viii) unlimited discretion over bills recommended by Governor

(ix) suspensive, pocket veto power

(x) Head of Army, Navy Air force

(xi) can declare emergency & scheduled areas

(xii) can declare a ST, OBC, SC

and appoints all critical constitutional positions. He, SC Judges, chairman of UPSC, Finance Commission, SC/ST commission, office of linguistic minorities etc.

Hence President position has the real power → 1st in executive hierarchy can't be impeached easily, can't be punished for civil or criminal offences.

Q3) Amendment provisions of constitution are mentioned in 368 Article of constitution (part XX)

3 types of Amendment

(Type 1)

by simple majority

Creation of New states

Abolition of Article 370 and 35A

(Type 2)

By

Special majority

Article 368(2)

Fundamental Rights and DPSPs can be Amended.

(Type 3)

By special majority with 50% ratification of states

election of president
impeachment
GST council

Criticism → the parliament alone has power to amend and state legislation has no say.

→ NO provision for joint sitting
→ president can't return the Bill to

⇒ (Type 3) Amendment is a Cembersem procedure → No president is impeached so far in India.

(Q4) Local Bodies played a vital role during COVID-19

- * Health care centers used for vaccination
- * Self help groups → helped communities
- * COVID awareness spreading and preventing
- * LOCAL Bodies → Created and regularly update of

New cases	Municipally
Cure Cases	registration
Deaths	
- * Govt Doctors → went to homes to treat people → municipally Ambulance
- * Distribution of Paracetamol and other medicines - Regular checkup. all these could be possible with the help of Local Bodies

(Q5) Rajya Sabha is governed by 4th Schedule and have a dominant power in many cases.

- ↳ Can enact law on state subject
- ↳ Can create all India services
- ↳ It is a permanent body
- ↳ like Lok Sabha
- ↳ On Ordinary Bills → It has equal powers as Lok Sabha

Vital role played in election and impeachment procedure of president.

It can also give Prime Minister or any minister

When Lok Sabha is dissolved it can endorse emergency for a ~~little~~ limited time under Article 352.

It can transfer a subject from state list to Union list under Article 249.

It has a bunch of Members from elite and Back ground.

A house of checks and deliberation also can comment on Budget and Imp laws. Hence it's not a second house.

Q6

MSMEs → Employment opportunity

Khadi and village Industries

~~tribal Art~~

filigree work

total sales making

why?

So small scale Industries can provide a very robust employment to youth for both male and female genders.

MSMEs are largest employers after agriculture.

Jute / Coir Industry → employs lot of people
Biomass →
Farm mechanization

Water treatment and composting have huge potential for MSME young stars to get employed with training and funding by various financial inclusion programs by NABARD and SIDBI

Q7 govt's economic policy

- ↳ MNREGA scheme and subsidized food for poor
- ↳ Free kitchens for migrant workers
- ↳ 500 Billion rupees cash transfers to women and farmers
- ↳ PM SVANIDHI scheme for street vendors
- ↳ state sponsored insurance for health care workers

↳ Stopping MPLAD Scheme for

the movement

↳ P M Care fund.

↳ More economic allocation
to health care for free medicine,
oxygen, vaccination, mask

And other essentials

↳ Free treatment and creation

of covid Hospitals

↳ Newsgari Bhatta

↳ protection of farmer & and
markets

↳ encouraging MSMEs.

↳ Job Ins-loss Insurance.